DEFINITIONS

- "Adhesive" means any product that is used to bond one surface to another by attachment. "Adhesive" does not include products used on humans and animals, adhesive tape, contact paper, wallpaper, shelf liners, or any other product with an adhesive incorporated onto or in an inert substrate. For "Contact Adhesive," "Construction and Panel Adhesive," and "General Purpose Adhesive" only, "adhesive" also does not include units of product, less packaging, which weigh more than one pound or consist of more than 16 fluid ounces. This limitation does not apply to aerosol adhesives.
- "Adhesive Remover" means a product designed exclusively for the removal of adhesives, caulk and other bonding materials from either a specific substrate or a variety of substrates.
- "Aerosol Adhesive" means an aerosol product in which the spray mechanism is permanently housed in a nonrefillable can designed for hand-held application [32 fluid ounces or less] without the need for ancillary hoses or spray equipment. [Aerosol Adhesive products are classified by the following type of application: mounting, general purpose, repositionable and high performance.]
- "Aerosol Product" means a pressurized spray system that dispenses product ingredients by means of a propellant or mechanically induced force. "Aerosol Product" does not include pump sprays.

"Application"

General Purpose: An aerosol adhesive that is designed for multi-purpose uses on a variety of substrates. An example would be a general duty arts and crafts adhesive.

High Performance: An aerosol adhesives that meets specialized performance requirements for demanding uses, such as, but not limited to, high contact bond strength, high temperature resistance, and plasticizer resistance. This category would include, but is not limited to:

- 1. Automotive applications, such as headliners, trim carpet, gaskets, dashboard, etc.
- 2. Laminating metal to rubber, rubber to rubber, low energy surfaces, polyolefins
- 3. Edge bonding
- 4. Cabinet and countertop installation, maintenance, touch-up and repair
- 5. Expanded polystyrene bead board

Mounting: An aerosol adhesive intended primarily for use in mounting photographs, artwork, and any other drawn or printed media to a backing (paper, board, cloth).

Repositionable: An aerosol adhesive that, once applied, allows two substrates to be temporarily separated and then reapplied without having to apply additional adhesive.

"ASTM" means the American Society for Testing and Materials.

"Colorant" means any pigment or coloring material used in a consumer product for an aesthetic effect, or to dramatize an ingredient.

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"Commercial Product" has the same definition as institutional product.

"Consumer Product" means a chemically formulated product used by household and institutional consumers including, but not limited to, detergents; cleaning compounds; polishes; floor finishes; cosmetics; personal care products; home, lawn, and garden products; disinfectants; sanitizers; and automotive specialty products; but do not include paint, furniture coatings, or architectural coatings.

"Contract Employee" means a person hired by a company to sell that company's goods or products for an agreed upon commission or fee.

"Custom Contract Packager" means a company that manufactures products based on the specifications of another company and places the other company's name on the product label.

"Distributor" means any person to whom a *consumer product* is sold or supplied for the purposes of resale or distribution in commerce, except that *manufacturers*, *retailers*, and *consumers* are not *distributors*.

"Employee" means a person hired by another, or by a business firm, to work for wages or salary.

"Exempt Compound" means any of the following organic compounds: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, carbonic acid, metallic carbides or carbonates, ammonium carbonate, and the following:

(A) methane, methylene chloride (dichloromethane), dichlorodifluoromethane (CFC-12), 1,1,1-trichloroethane (methyl chloroform), trichlorofluoromethane (CFC-11), 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane (CFC-113), 1,2-dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (CFC-114), chloropentafluoroethane (CFC-115), chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22), 1,1,1-trifluoro-2,2-dichloroethane (HCFC-123), 1,1-dichloro-1-fluoroethane (HCFC-141b), 1-chloro-1,1-difluoroethane (HCFC-142b), 2-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (HCFC-124), trifluoromethane (HFC-23), 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134), 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a), pentafluoroethane (HFC-125), 1,1,1-trifluoroethane (HFC-143a), 1,1-difluoroethane (HFC-152a),

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volatile methyl siloxanes and

the following classes of perfluorocarbons:

- 1. cyclic, branched, or linear, completely fluorinated alkanes;
- 2. cyclic, branched, or linear, completely fluorinated ethers with no unsaturations;
- 3. cyclic, branched, or linear, completely fluorinated tertiary amines with no unsaturations;
- 4. and sulfur-containing perfluorocarbons with no unsaturations and with the sulfur bonds to carbon and fluorine; and
- (B) the following low-reactive organic compounds which have been exempted by the U.S. EPA:
 - 1. acetone,
 - 2. ethane.
 - 3. parachlorobenzotrifluoride (1-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl benzene), and
 - 4. perchloroethylene (tetrachloroethylene).
- "Fragrance" means a substance or complex mixture of aroma chemicals, natural essential oils, and other functional components with a combined vapor pressure not in excess of 2 mm of Hg at 20°C, the sole purpose of which is to impart an odor or scent, or to counteract a malodor.
- "General Purpose" (see Application)
- "Gross Annual Receipt" means the overall total income of a company before expenses are deducted.
- "Household Product" means any consumer product that is primarily designed to be used inside or outside of living quarters or residences that are occupied or intended for occupation by individuals, including the immediate surroundings.
- "High Performance" (see Application)
- "Independently Owned" means controlled by one self. Not dependent on another for financial support.
- "Industrial Product" means a product designed and labeled exclusively for use in manufacturing processes whereby the product is incorporated into or used exclusively in the manufacture or construction of the goods or commodities (e.g., mold release used in plastic forms).
- "Institutional Product," or for the purposes of this survey, "commercial product," means a consumer product that is designed for use in the maintenance or operation of an establishment that: (A) manufactures, transports, or sells goods or commodities, or provides services for profit; or (B) is engaged in the nonprofit promotion of a particular public, educational, or charitable cause. Establishments include, but are not limited to, government agencies, factories, schools, hospitals, sanitariums, prisons, restaurants, hotels, stores, automobile service and parts centers, health clubs,

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theaters, or transportation companies. Institutional product does not include *household products* or products that are incorporated into or used exclusively in the manufacture or construction of the goods or commodities at the site of the establishment.

"Mounting" (see Application)

"Label" means any written, printed, or graphic matter affixed to, applied to, attached to, blown into, formed, molded into, embossed on, or appearing upon any consumer product or consumer product package, for purposes of branding, identifying, or giving information with respect to the product or to the contents of the package.

"Lace Spray" means an aerosol adhesive applied in a non-atomized form that results in a cobwebby or lace-like pattern of non-discreet particles, providing a rough-textured spray pattern.

"Low Vapor Pressure-Volatile Organic compounds" (LVP-VOC) means a chemical "compound" or "mixture" which contains at least one carbon atom and meets one of the following:

- (A) has a vapor pressure less than 0.1 mm Hg at 20°C, as determined by ARB Method 310; or
- (B) is a chemical "compound" with more than 12 carbon atoms, or a chemical "mixture" comprised solely of "compounds" with more than 12 carbon atoms, and the vapor pressure is unknown; or
- (C) is a chemical "compound" with a boiling point greater than 216°C, as determined by ARB Method 310; or
- (D) is the weight percent of a chemical "mixture" that boils above 216°C, as determined by ARB Method 310.

For the purposes of the definition of LVP-VOC, chemical "compound" means a molecule of definite chemical formula and isomeric structure, and chemical "mixture" means a substance comprised of two or more chemical "compounds".

"Manufacturer" means any person who imports, manufactures, assembles, produces, packages, repackages, or relabels a consumer product.

"Parent Company" means the company or corporation that owns and controls other companies.

"Particle Spray" means an aerosol adhesive applied with atomization resulting in the formation of fine, discreet particles that yield a uniform, smooth surface.

"*Principal Display Panel*" means that part, or those parts of a *label* that are so designed as to most likely be displayed, presented, shown or examined under normal and customary conditions of display or purchase. Whenever a *principal display panel* appears more than once, all requirements pertaining to the *principal display panel* shall pertain to all such *principal display panels*.

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- "Private Label Contract Packager" means a company that manufactures products for sale under another company's name.
- "Product Brand Name" means the name of the product exactly as it appears on the principal display panel of the product.
- "Propellant" means a liquefied or compressed gas that is used in whole or in part, such as a cosolvent, to expel a liquid or any other material from the same self-pressurized container or from a separate container.
- "Pump Spray" means a packaging system in which the product ingredients within the container are not under pressure and in which the product is expelled only while a pumping action is applied to a button, trigger or other actuator.
- "Responsible Party" means the company, firm or establishment which is listed on the product's label. If the label lists two companies, firms or establishments, the responsible party is the party which the product was "manufactured for" or "distributed by", as noted on the label.
- "Retailer" means any person who sells, supplies, or offers consumer products for sale directly to consumers.
- "Regional" means of some particular area in the nation (e.g., the West Coast which includes Washington, Oregon, and California).
- "Repositionable" (see Application)
- "Sealant and Caulking compound" means any product with adhesive properties that is designed to fill, seal, waterproof, or weatherproof gaps or points between two surfaces. These products are used to prevent air infiltration, heat lass, water penetration, insect entry, or to improve appearance. Sealant and Caulking compound does not include architectural coatings such as protective finishes for wood, tile and other flooring, or automotive products.
- "Volatile Methyl Siloxane" means cyclic, branched, or linear completely methylated siloxanes.
- "Volatile Organic Compound (VOC)" means any compound containing at least one atom of carbon, excluding carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, carbonic acid, metallic carbides or carbonates, and ammonium carbonate, and excluding any exempt compound.